CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

WRIGHT, MEDILL & CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 53 CLARK STREET. TERMS....EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR.

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THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE,
BY WRIGHT, MEDILL & CO.,
OFFICE IN THE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 53 Clark Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
The CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE is published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) and delivered to subscribers in the City, by Carrier, at $8.00 per annum; if paid in advance, or 10 cents per week.

The CHICAGO TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is published every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, in time for the mail of that day, containing all the matter of the daily, except the commercial matter, for the subscription price of $3.00 per annum, if paid in advance, or $3.50 if not paid in advance. Delivered in City to subscribers at the rate of 10 cents per week, payable in advance.

The WEEKLY TRIBUNE will remain very full and perfect. Twenty-four columns of choice reading matter, and Foreign, Domestic and Commercial intelligence, will be found in each number. The Weekly Tribune is published every Thursday morning, and will be sent to mail subscribers at $2.00 per annum, payable in advance.

Any County weekly newspaper can receive our Daily in exchange by sending a copy of their paper containing the largest amount of matter, and one of the largest circulation, and our Tri-Weekly, by paying two dollars, in advance. To exchange with any friends in the country who may desire to do so, wood, wheat or whatever they have to spare, and we are therefore compelled to make a charge, will cost us money.

Letters on business of the Office must be addressed to WRIGHT, MEDILL & CO.

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THIS COMPANY WILL, DURING THE
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Liberal cash advances made on consignments.
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☞ 10 thousand bbls in prospect. myl9-6m

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Brandy Fruits of all Kinds.
Pickles by the Hundred, Case or Dozen.
Goods packed by us free of charge. Before selling the above at a low figure. Call and see
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C. S. TRAVERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealer in Furniture, Bed Bedding, &c., &c., Bed Chairs, Spring Mattresses (all of patterns), and in any quantity.
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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Furniture, Patent Sofa Beds, Mattresses; also Feathers and Looking Glass Plates. No. 5 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.
D. WALKER. myl7 1y D. WALKER.

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H. & O. WILSON,
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Marble Mantles, Centre Tables, Tomb Stones, Table Tops, Grates, Fenders, Curbing and Tomb Stones, Orders addressed to Box 1161 P. O., promptly attended to. Shop on Wells street, Chicago, Ill.

WILLARD, PEEK & CO.,
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myl7-6m

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BOONE HOUSE,
CORNER CLARK AND JACKSON STS.
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
LARGE NEW HOTEL.
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MONEY LOANED ON PLEDGES, BY H. LAVINIA & CO., No. 84 Franklin street, Chicago, Ill. myl9

STONE & BOOMER,
BUILDERS OF BRIDGE WORK.
Office, ... 161 Lake Street,
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Nov. 21.

J. H. DUNHAM & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 72 and 74 South Water street, Chicago, Ill. Agents for Buckeye's cotton Gins. myl7 6m

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MANUFACTURERS OF OIL AND WATER COLORS, VARNISHES, &c., and
IMPORTERS OF FRENCH ZINC WHITE, &c.
Chromate and Prime Lisle Ground for sign painters in the Dry Colors. jan7 6m

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LIVERY SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE, North La Salle street, corner of Kinzie, Chicago, Horses constantly on hand, Hearses and carriages, of best style, and attendance on funerals furnished at the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms. jan19-6m

D. BATON & CO.
IMPORTERS OF GUNS, RIFLES & SPORTING Apparatus, Colts, Allen's and other Pistols, Fine Metallic Cartridges, Rifle Powder, and other fine Sporting Goods, Percussion Caps, Game Bags, Powder Flasks, Shot and Pouches, Fishing Tackle, &c., No. 22 Lake Street, opposite the Tremont House, Chicago, Illinois. jan19 1y

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THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BOUGHT and the short "drop," is now prepared to fill orders as cheap, and warranted to be as good matches as there is in the market. Orders left at the Factory, on the corner of Clark and Kinzie streets, will receive prompt attention. Factory on the North Branch, near the Steam Mill.
myl9-3m ABEL ADAMS, Proprietor.

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Will attend to the purchase of all current rates of Exchange, Land Warrants bought, and land located. Real Estate bought and sold on commission. jan19-6m

REFERENCES:
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BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Dealers in Exchange, and Freight Depot of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, Chicago, Ill.
Will receive deposits, buy and sell property consigned to us for sale, and make liberal cash advances on the same. Will buy and sell on commission for the trade. Will attend to the purchase and sale of Real Estate in all parts of the State, and pay taxes and attend to the collection of rents, and will transact a general banking business. Will receive deposits of gold and silver coin, and allow interest on time certificates of deposit. Will receive deposits of the proceeds of sales of Illinois Central Railroad lands, and allow interest on the same. It will be to the interest of all persons who have money to invest, to call and examine the plan of this Bank, as it is believed that every depositor will receive a profit on his deposits, and at the same time the stockholders will derive a handsome income from their investment. The proceeds of the sales of lands will be a permanent fund for the redemption of the bills issued to the stockholders, and while paying a due regard to safety, will be given such a direction as to render them profitable to the stockholders. jan19 1y

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PLAIN & ORNAMENTAL PAPER RULER.
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CHICAGO, ... Illinois.
Nov. 21. 1y

J. H. DUNHAM & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 72 and 74 South Water street, Chicago, Ill. Agents for Buckeye's cotton Gins. myl7 6m

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CHAPIN & THORP,
Bankers and Land Agents,
CLINTON, IOWA.
N. C. CHAPIN. JOS. G. THORP.

COLLECTIONS & REMITTANCES MADE at all accessible points of exchange; Funds collected and entered with warrants cash, or on time; Land Warrants bought and sold; Lands located and entered with Warrants; Commissions, Money invested; Interest paid on Deposits; Exchange bought and sold.
REFER TO—Shaw and Lechler Bank, New York; American Exchange Bank, Pittsburgh; Bank of Commerce, Cleveland; Ayer & Co., Boston; Wadsworth & Co., Cincinnati; Messrs. Wright, Medill & Co., Chicago; Messrs. N. Y. L. Davis, Jos. Sprague, N. H. Brooks, Clinton, Iowa; Messrs. Hall & Hurlbut, Dubuque; Messrs. Hatch, Hall & Co., Boston.
myl7 6m

CHAPIN & THORP,
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BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION,
RAILROAD SHARES AND BONDS,
BANK AND GAS SHARES,
Ten Per Cent. Interest COUPON BONDS,
SECURED BY FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE in the city of Chicago, which will be bought to receive his bonds, and take their orders, at the Central Wire Rooms of the Western Union Telegraph Co., in this city, where they can be found a more singular accommodation than at any other Broker's office in the city. myl7 6m

FIRST CLASS NOTES AND ACCEPTANCES of good names always wanted. Also, Bonds and Mortgages and certain Funds for the benefit of Minors.
Estates, Trusts and Property in advance. Trusts executed and profits for benefit of Minors or others.
Money to loan on Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages, and on the security of Property and Rotates for Minors or others. Rents collected and paid over.
Taxes and Inheritances collected in the United States and Canada.
Agencies and forward State Bonds and Stocks to New York, and will attend to the purchase and sale of the same.
Receive orders for purchase of Bonds and Stocks in New York or elsewhere.
Receive orders for the purchase of Produce, and attend to the purchase and shipment of the same, and make advances on the same.
Agents for the sale of Merchandize in Riverside Markets.
Agents for the sale of Real Estate, Lots and Lands, and also to lay the same out in Lots and Blocks.
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Corner of Dearborn and Randolph streets, Chicago, Ill.
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STRONG & WILEY,
BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, corner of Randolph and La Salle street, Chicago, Ill. Current Funds, Gold and Silver Coin, Land Warrants, Canada Currency and Exchange bought and sold.
Collections made and promptly remitted for. Deposits received and interest allowed on time certificates. Collections in all parts of the United States and Canadas, will receive prompt attention. jan19 1y
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Hoffman & Gelpcke, Bankers,
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EXCHANGE, CURRENCY AND COIN,
No. 3 Wall street, New York.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND INTEREST allowed on Special Deposits. Liberal accommodations given to customers and others in charge of Banks and Bankers. myl9 1y

WING LOANS on private Bonds and Mortgages negotiated. Western State, County, City or National Loans negotiated. myl9 1y

E. I. Tinkham & Co.,
Bankers and Dealers in Exchange,
EXCHANGE BUILDINGS,
38 Clark Street 38

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE OF
G. C. Whitney & Son,
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EASTERN AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE, Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money bought and sold. Premium paid on City and Eastern Bank Notes. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Robertson, Coleman & Co.
BOOKFORD,
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DIXON, ILL.
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Morford Brothers,
BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, No. 3 Dealer in Land Warrants, Gold and Silver Coin, Canada Currency and Exchange bought and sold.
Charles A. Morford, Wm. Morford, Jr., Cleveland & Painesville.
E. J. Oakley, Esq., Cashier Merchant's Bk. N. Y.
myl4-6m

AGRICULTURAL BANK OF TENNESSEE.
CHICAGO, August 1st, 1855.
THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE OWNERS OF A majority of shares of the AGRICULTURAL BANK OF TENNESSEE, at Brownsville, and by the provisions of its charter are appointed Trustees for the bank. The affairs of the Bank will be conducted on deposit by us, on the same terms, as the affairs of the State Bank of Illinois at Springfield.
DAVIDSON & WILLIAMS,
Bankers, Chicago.
A. MCCLUNG,
President City Bank, Boston.

BANKING OFFICE OF
Gwynne, Day & Co.,
NO. 87 CLARK ST.—LAND WARRANTS FOR SALE.—correspondence ordering warrants by mail or otherwise promptly attended to. Refer to Messrs. Wright, Medill & Co.
Sight Exchange on New York, Buffalo and St. Louis, for sale in the usual way. myl7-6m

Educational.

MESSRS. SNOW'S BRANCH SCHOOL will open on Monday, Feb. 4, at No. 46 Clark street, near corner of Clark and Erie.
C. F. SNOW late associate Principal of English Literature, Latin, Greek and Mathematics; Miss HARRINGTON of Germantown, Penn., Principal of French and Drawing; Mr. and Mrs. HAMILTON, of French and C. F. SNOW, of Penmanship and Book-keeping.
jan21 6m

Boys' Classical School,
BASEMENT OF FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of Clark and Washington street.
The school furnishes good facilities for those who wish to prepare for a College or Scientific course of instruction. English branches taught in all their departments, and in a practical manner. Terms moderate.
The Spring Session will commence April 21, 1856.
T. W. BRUCE, A.M., Principal.
feb2-6m-28

Gregory's
COMMERCIAL AND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE,
Corner of Dearborn and Randolph streets, Chicago, Illinois
And Old Fellows Hall, Woodward's Avenue,
Detroit, Michigan.
THESE COMMERCIAL INSTITUTIONS continue not only the entire history, science and diagram of Double Entry Book-keeping, but also the practical book-keeping of original entries based upon the business of the day, as conducted in the counting rooms of Mills, Stores, Banks, &c. GREGORY has added to his already comprehensive system, a new and original method of Single Entry Book-keeping, particularly adapted to the use of the farmer. The character of the Institutions, and the thoroughness of the instruction, and the number of students who are now occupying honorable positions in society, are
Special attention will be given to Penmanship, exhibited in the World's Exhibition, for Penmanship exhibited in the World's Exhibition.
The Monthly and terms will be published in a circular.
URIAH GREGORY, President.
jan19 1y

Cooper Female Seminary,
PAYTON, OHIO.
THE WINTER TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence on the 4th of February, 1856, under the supervision of Dr. James Finley formerly Professor of Chemistry in Cincinnati College, and Principal of one of the largest Female Seminaries in Philadelphia, assisted by a full corps of competent teachers, graduates of the best Female Seminaries in Philadelphia, Miss O. Grimes with her 4 high graduates from Miss Sawyer's and Thompson's in Vassar Institute, Poughkeepsie.
Nothing is wanting to large and commodious, and in every respect elegant buildings, and the grounds are tastefully ornamented with shade trees, shrubbery and flowers. Every department is under the immediate supervision of the Principal, and the pupils are treated with all the courtesy of well organized home.
The location is one of the most healthy in the State, and unsurpassed in moral character. The present year is the tenth of its existence, and it has never had a case of sickness, or death, or even a student absent from school on account of ill health.
In the course of literature, the object has been to make it as thorough as practicable, yet care has been taken to make the studies pleasant, and to render the whole course of training, and of intellectual that every department of the institution is a delightful home, where the pupil will desire to remain as long as possible. Every effort will be made to secure the improvement of the pupils so united in their intercourse, It will be the object of the Principal to make the Institution as much like a home as practicable to usefulness, and, while paying a due regard to the cultivation of the intellectual faculties, to make the Institution also a preparatory to those which will fit the student for the duties of life.
For information as to terms, &c., address the Principal, at Payton, Ohio.
Dr. Finley refers to Rev. Albert Barnes, D.D., Rev. Thomas Brainerd, D.D., Rev. Albert Barnes, D.D., Rev. Thomas Brainerd, D.D., Rev. Wm. Adams, D.D., Rev. Robert W. Steele, D.D., Rev. Robert W. Steele, D.D., Rev. Wm. Adams, D.D., Rev. Wm. Adams, D.D., Rev. Wm. Adams

DAILY TRIBUNE.

PUBLISHED BY
WRIGHT, NEDILL & CO.,
No. 81 CLARK STREET.

J. C. VAUGHAN, C. H. RAY, EDITORS.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

Wednesday Morning, March 5, 1856.

We Voted and How They Voted.

Great surprise will be felt by readers unacquainted with city politics, when they learn what an enormous vote was cast at the election yesterday. When, however, they learn that a greater part of the increase over the vote of last year is due to illegality, backed up by perjury, they will cease to wonder at the figures presented. When they learn that the leaks in the Democratic boat and bailed the Seventh Ward, that the challenges who were sent there were either driven away, or were, by fear of violence, deterred from doing their duty, that the votes rejected in other Wards were poured in there by scores and hundreds; that the same men voted under assumed names in many cases twice, and in some cases three times, that men who were never seen in the Ward before, voted by dozens; that the inspectors of the polls connived at their duty; finally explored the conclusion of their duty, that they either could not or would not remain or control at the polls; when these facts are known in detail, the ingenuity of the Solomons before us will be taxed, trying on the wish—when they learn these things, they will not be surprised at any result.

At the Seventh ward they learn these things, they will not be surprised at any result elsewhere; but at every poll they were prepared to register to a less extent. Men were imported expressly to vote. The bawdy houses, the gambling-hells and the grog-shops all contributed their quota of perjurers. The trade carried on in these dens was felt to be in danger if Sherman should succeed, and they worked for Ellis. All day the city swarmed with evil-doers, and rotten that they turned out. They filled the Dyer carriages, they carried Dyer cheap, they stuffed their pockets in hurries for Dyer.

The groceries run whiskey for Dyer's honor and the funds of the poor dupes who were persuaded into voting for their own degradation and the triumph of those by whom they are held down, were in close with those who fatten on the entire Catholic population under intimidation and surveillance. It went so as usual. Not a man who believes in the supremacy of the Papal Power, that did not go straight out and directly for the triumph of Slavery. Not a man who grovelled in submission to the control of the priesthood, that did not use his ballot to beat down Freedom.

On the other side we the American population almost without exception. Five-sixths of the honest and the professional men, of the master mechanics of the journeymen, of the clerks, the students, the laborers, of American birth and a majority of the intelligent Germans who were able to distinguish the difference between liberty and license, were for Sherman. On one side were the taxpayers, and on the other, the Irish, naturalized and unnaturalized, the rum-sellers who elect and control them—the gamblers and those they live—the grog-shops and their hangers on—office-seekers and their pimps—then stimulated by drink and inflamed by passion, prejudice and interest, aided by the few Americans who can believe in Nebuchadnezzar or fall down to the strength. With his money and his lazy appeals to the basest motives—his dancing in low dancing-houses; his drinking in lower groggeries; his promises to reduce licenses; to reverse the action of the present authorities in the suppression of gamblers, have done his work.

What good citizen does not regret the degradation of Chicago?

A Registry Law Needed.

The system of yesterday, in more than one of the Wards in this city, demonstrate the imperative necessity for a Registry Law for the suppression of illegal voting. We are not among those who would throw restrictions around the right of suffrage not demanded by considerations of public good; nor are we, like the Black Democracy, who would throw open the suffrage in the saloon point of the Irish Catholic party, in favor of throwing down all the barriers that are now interposed between the exercise of an important franchise, and those scoundrels who make light of perjury when it will aid in placing their friends in power or opening the doors of the groggeries. What we do say is this:

That the honest men of both parties are sick and tired of the frauds that have been perpetrated at every election for the last two years, and they will not be surprised at any result in a solid mass for the worst men and the most iniquitous measures and who, under the direction of the unscrupulous partizans, are ready at the Seventh ward to register, and who would swear to anything—no matter what—when such things take place under the eyes of those of American birth and American principles, those who are used as agents of corruption, and who, that additional guards to protect the ballot-box from the invasion of the vandals are needed and must be established, or that on election day the people, to whom that ballot-box is a sacred thing, must take the matter into their own hands.

Of course, a Registry Law, effective and thorough in its operations—one that would give commissioners or inspectors time and the power to examine into the claims of the Irish hordes that are now imported by the Million Fund Committee at the polls—would be opposed to the bitter end by that Slave Democracy that stops at no fraud, sticks at no perjuries, when the objects are to be accomplished. Such a law, we say, is a requirement of every honest man, and for reasons, at least ten days before the day of voting, as indispensable prerequisite to the right to vote at all, would put a stop to the frauds and illegalities which now in too many localities spell Black Democratic majorities. That it would be opposed, and opposed desperately and unscrupulously, we have no doubt. But there is sufficient moral strength and sufficient firmness of purpose among the good citizens of Illinois, in the event of a Registry Law, we have it, among the first acts of the next Legislature. If not for the State at large, let us have it for cities where fraud and perjury have a chance to escape the punishment they deserve.

Cannot Support Him.

The Boston Daily *Advertiser*, one of the oldest and most respectable Whig journals, refuses to support Mr. Fillmore for the Presidency. It says:

"If therefore it shall prove true as we regret to find it to be very confidently stated, that Mr. Fillmore has entered a Know Nothing lodge, and passed through the three degrees of the secret order, taking the incident oaths and the obligations implied, we cannot but be fortified in respect of the intelligent and patriotic people of the United States to an extent that will make the result impossible. We are reluctant, however, to believe that this is the fact; but until the point is settled, we can form no opinion of the propriety of the step which we have been urging. It would give us great pleasure to support Mr. Fillmore; but we must know what his principles are, before we can say that we can agree to support him. If he has not his principles, we know not his party."

We suppose there will be no reasonable doubt that Mr. Fillmore has taken the above-mentioned "oaths and obligations." In the New York State Council the President of Council 177, of Buffalo, declared that he himself was present when the obligations of each degree were administered to Mr. Fillmore." If this be true the *Advertiser* is precluded by its declaration above quoted, from supporting Mr. Fillmore under any circumstances.

Marshall County Horse Registered.

Mr. Isaac Dixon, the town of Poland, in Marshall county, Ohio, has registered a horse nearly a year old, that cost him but seven months ago, per cash. There are printed resolutions for the sale of each, and on the lucky horse and lucky owner of the first drawn ticket, a check for one hundred dollars is to be paid. The owners of the horse intend to pay from the proceeds of the sale of the second, and the handle one made by the first.

Mr. Dixon, of Washington Town are engaged in the construction of Fairmont and Dixon's Patent Corn Cultivator. Both combined will make a machine that will be a perfect monopolist. They say so.

We could hardly imagine a combination that will it would not be well to have. Dixon and Fairmont, Fairmont and Dixon, Dixon and Fairmont, and Mr. Dixon's cultivator, and Mr. Fairmont's corn, all on record and on exhibition, with the Dixon horse, all on record and on exhibition, would be absolutely crush-d. We will make Mr. Dixon an offer to-morrow, and if he don't accept it will be astonished. We are willing to find how bad a man Mr. Dixon is, according to *Mr. Dunham*.

The War Question.

Amid the many war reports, and right upon the heels of the last battle that was talk of Senators Pearce of Maryland, Stuart of Michigan, and Mason of Virginia, the money market in New York, and the Commercial men of the country, are cool and unmarmed. It is believed by them, that the Nicaragua question will not assume of difficulty—is in the process of settlement, while it is known, that the Enlistment question cannot cool in war.

Senator Seward made a pacific speech in the Senate, Feb. 29, and this is supposed to have frost up the Southern men. After it, the Senator has toned, blew their war blast. If the New Yorker had been strictly confined upon a conflict with Great Britain, we should have heard, doubtless, less of threats, and more of arbitration, but never been communicated to our Government. After this speech was delivered in the House of Lords, Mr. Buchanan demanded an explanation of it, when he said he was misunderstood, utterly alluded to his intimate relations, proposing an arbitration, and been sent to Washington in November. These instructions, or rather his proposition, Mr. Crampton submitted to Mr. Marcy only on Saturday, stating simply that it had been overlooked. This packet is difficult to understand. It gives rise to suspicion of double-dealing, which damages the British Ministry with all classes, and leads many to suppose, that their instructions were an afterthought. For what ever cause Seward could neglect so important a point? What Minister dare plead, or an excuse, that he had overlooked them? How, indeed, could it be done, involving, as it does, questions which threatens now, and has threatened for a year or more past, the peace of the two countries? We may be assured that Mr. Seward's friends will closely scan this conduct, and, unless we mistake, condemn it as sharply as any American could do.

A Voice from the Rural Districts.

On Saturday evening last, the 1st instant, a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Wheaton, DuPage county, was held at the Illinois Institute.

The meeting was called to order by Prof. J. A. Harding, and Rev. E. F. Marking was chosen chairman, and E. S. Winslow, secretary.

S. E. D'Wolf, Esq., was called upon to address the meeting. He gave a short history of the doings of Slavery, pointed out its objects, and aims, as manifested in the acquisition of Territory, and in the late legislation of the country. He was followed by Prof. Marting, who made a most thrilling appeal in behalf of Kansas and of Freedom. At the conclusion of the meeting the following preamble and resolutions were passed:

WHEREAS, The present struggle going on in Kansas between the friends of Freedom and the champions of Slavery, is the legitimate fruit of the revival of the Missouri Compromise, and although it was not so designed by its framers, yet we trust it will prove the redeeming, if not the salvation of the Union; and

WHEREAS, The Nicaragua question—the cause of difficulty—is in the process of settlement, while it is known, that the Enlistment question cannot cool in war.

Resolved, That we, as Freemen, deeply sympathize with the struggling friends of the Free cause, and pledge our influence and good wishes can go, we bid them God speed.

Resolved, That the advance guard of Freedom, now successfully struggling in Kansas, are not only fighting their own battles, but ours, and again for our God-given right.

Resolved, That the present Administration of the United States is unworthy of the confidence and support of the people at large, and especially manifested in the destruction of defenseless towns, in the murder of illegal and lawless bands, and in the preparation of Slavery, making it the only interest to be fostered and protected, while it unblushingly and defiantly, regard every consideration of duty and honest statesmanship, in its insane desire to make that interest paramount.

Resolved, That in virtue of the present hostilities of affairs in Kansas, we hereby request the citizens of Illinois, and especially the citizens of DuPage, to withhold their support from all candidates for the admission of Judge Lecompte, as delegate from Kansas, and that of Black Democracy, which they detest, and the sanction of the Democratic party in the suburban point of the Irish Catholic party, in favor of throwing down all the barriers that are now interposed between the exercise of an important franchise, and those scoundrels who make light of perjury when it will aid in placing their friends in power or opening the doors of the groggeries. What we do say is this:

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Books for Sale by D. B. Cooke & Co.

TUPPER'S Proverbial Philosophy. 1 vol. 12mo. Illustrated. Morocco gilt. Uniform with Tupper's Poems. Just published.

There is a peculiar charm in simplicity than can be easily described. We have somewhere seen this statement: "The delight of the intellect is to define"—which is a gateway opening into the region of truth. The whole universe surrounds every human being, inviting him to make what he will of it; hence, there is danger that he will be bewildered by the lavishness of his materials, and make nothing of it. But as soon as some little flower of thought is culled from the universal life surrounding it, the whole world is filled with astonishment and delight. What is there in a simple statue or picture to be so much admired, we ask? Is not the world filled with people more beautiful than representations of them in stone or paint can be? Is not nature more beautiful than paint? What is in this story, of which the incidents are commonplace, and the characters such as are constantly to be met with, that so much noise should be made about it? Our wise questions are unanswered, and the world continues to be delighted with carved fragments of stone, and bits of painted canvass, and stories, and poems, where, in these forms, it discovers truth and reality.

"Tolla" is the history of the engagement of a young Roman girl—daughter of the most noble Alexander Feraldi, Count of the Holy Empire, Baron of Vignano, &c.—to Manuel or Lello Caronilla, second son of the Prince Caronilla Borgia.

Tolla and Lello love each other, but the Feraldi family is somewhat decayed in power, and Lello fears to acquaint his ambitious relatives with his engagement. Before doing so he will wait until his elder brother, who upon the eve of making a *mésalliance*, is rescued from his danger. For an important reason, the parents of Tolla consent to this secrecy. Meanwhile, the secret engagement of Tolla and Lello become the talk of Rome—as not less in Italy than elsewhere, it is impossible that a secret should be kept.

Tolla is beautiful, poetical, loving; as our dreams of obstacles threaten to separate her from Lello, her love increases in intensity. Lello is good-hearted, timid and cowardly. He cannot make up his mind to desert Tolla, but become constantly more fearful of opposing his family. He believes them to be ignorant of his wishes. They, meanwhile, are playing with him as with a child, seeming to believe him a free agent, but determined at the right moment to prove him a slave.

At the right moment Lello is beguiled from Rome. Before his departure he takes Tolla to a Convent, (as a public avowal of his intention of making her his wife), from which she mournfully says that only death or Lello shall take her. Tolla becomes a Nun, and Lello returns to Rome. Before his departure he takes Tolla to a Convent, (as a public avowal of his intention of making her his wife), from which she mournfully says that only death or Lello shall take her. Tolla becomes a Nun, and Lello returns to Rome. The Church of the Holy Apostles and the tomb of the young Roman girl, have become, on certain anniversaries, the resort of pilgrims, and more than one young Roman adds to her evening litany, "Saint Tolla, virgin and martyr, pray for us!"

The little volume "Tolla," it is said in "A Note to the American public," by which the American edition is prefaced, is a book "about which people have been lately talking in the *Salons* of Paris, to the exclusion of all other literary performance. It has produced controversies; we believe that it has nearly produced a duel. Extraordinary stories of its sale have been circulated to the amazement of author's who were comforting themselves with the belief that their performances went off flatly in consequence of the war, solely. *Indeed*, it is impossible to describe the charm of this unpretentious concerning a few persons, who move like living beings before the reader—the charm which surrounds the pure and beautiful Tolla, as its fragrance is breathed forth as from a flower—unless, indeed, we should say that Mr. Aboit possesses a very unusual degree of perfection in the art of narration."

Eighteen years will soon have elapsed since these doubts were uttered, and their solution thus enthusiastically recorded. What changes! We have fourteen States of nineteen naturally treading between the United States and Europe, comprising no less than forty-two vessels!

Their rise and progress is curious. The Sirius and Great Western did not long enjoy a monopoly of the ocean ferry. They were quickly joined by the Royal William (which made a trip or two), the City of Liverpool, the British Queen, and President. Soon the Sirius and the Great Western were sold, the Queen broken down, and their places was taken by a new line, got up by a combination of Scotchmen and Irishmen, composed of the best of people for such enterprise. The new line was called the Cunard line, from the leading Binnenese, and launched its first steamers, the Acadia, the Caledonia, the Britannia, and the Columbia; they commenced to run about 1840, and ran from Boston and Halifax to Liverpool. In 1843, the Columbia was lost—the only vessel ever lost by the Cunard line; all the lives on board were saved.

Soon after, a French line, consisting of four steamers, was established, but after a few trips it was abandoned. Then a Belgian line was organized and also abandoned. Afterward, the first American line of trans-atlantic steamers was inaugurated by the sailings of the Washington and Hermann. This was shortly after followed by the Hermann; both of which ships run still, with apparent success and profit. They are followed at an interval of four or five years by the Collins line, which launched successively, the Atlantic, Arctic, Baltic and Pacific; and are now building the Adriatic to take the place of the lost Arctic!

Latterly several new lines have been established. The American-Havre line, which was started a few years ago, having lost its two vessels—the Franklin and Franklin—has been furnished with princely magnificence, and of the service of the dead mournful crowds assemble to gaze upon her for the last time. "The soldiers who mounted guard over her bier were blinded by tears." In Paris, meanwhile, Lefebvre discovers that the Napoleon dynasty has buried to Rome; he comes to gaze upon Tolla for the last time. The memory of Tolla's beauty and goodness is still cherished in Rome. The Church of the Holy Apostles and the tomb of the young Roman girl, have become, on certain anniversaries, the resort of pilgrims, and more than one young Roman adds to her evening litany, "Saint Tolla, virgin and martyr, pray for us!"

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Italian life, without being formally described, appears with admirable vividness throughout the narrative. The translation of this book is excellent. It has been rendered into the most choice and idiomatic English.

WEBBER'S OUTLINES OF UNIVERSAL HISTORY.—By James Webber, of Lexington, Mass. 1 vol. 12mo.

This admirable work, as its title states, an outline of Universal History, is well constructed, clear, and comprehensive. The most prominent events and important facts of the world's history are so grouped together that a clear idea of them, with their consequences, and relations may be obtained.

The imagination of the pupil will be thus impressed with a general idea of the progress of the world's history, and a clue given him, by which he will be guided and assisted, in his profounder studies, or more elaborate investigations.

When works of which this volume is a representative, philosophical, suggestive, and at the same time satisfying one introduced more generally into our schools and colleges, there will be more comprehensive culture, and earnest thought among our young people, will be the fullness among our young people, will be the result.

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F. P. Blair and the Merchants of Baltimore.

The meeting called to dispute Mr. Blair's right to represent the merchants of Baltimore in the Pittsburgh Convention, met at the Exchange, at 4 o'clock on the 27th.

Dr. J. Hanson Thomas called the meeting to order, and nominated the following gentlemen as officers of the meeting, who were chosen by acclamation:

President—John C. Brune.

Vice Presidents—Geo. Brown, C. C. Jamison, W. T. Young, Jno. B. Morris, D. S. Wilson, Thos. Winchester, Wm. Fisher, William Woodside, Jas. S. Gittings, Thos. Swann, G. S. Ashhold, Robert Garrett, Wm. F. Ruttich, A. Shaw, Jr., Thos. Kemp, Jno. Hillen, Jr., Jno. Hewlett, Wm. Perrine, Columbus O'Donnell, Jos. G. Wilson, Jno. H. Duvall, Wm. G. Harrison, Thos. Hillen, Wm. Hillen, Jr., Francis Scott, Jr.

Secretaries—P. H. Sullivan, B. F. Newcomer, Wm. Wilson, Jr., G. U. Porter.

A Committee appointed for this purpose reported the following Resolutions:

ELEMENTS OF PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY, designed for Schools and Academies. By Thomas Dwight, Professor of Physiology, Obstetrics, and Medical Jurisprudence in the Harvard Medical College. Illustrated by Wood Engravings. Philadelphia: Edward H. Butler.

This admirable book is designed as a text book for Schools and Academies. It is intended to convey to the minds of the first principles of the Earth, as well as of the principal phenomena affecting its outer crust, and the distribution of plants, animals, and man upon its surface. It also presents to the student the present political divisions of the world. The pencil should all to give this valuable work, which must be a great addition to any library of school books, his most careful perusal and consideration.

THE BLUE RIDDONS, By Anna Harriet Drury. Washington: Anna Harriet Drury.

This is a very exciting story about the last century, with which children will be greatly delighted. We shall not unfold its wonders to them, but leave them to learn from the book itself, of the tricks which the strangest fairies played upon a poor little boy named Alexis—and the beautiful fairy queen whom he met in the woods, and who saved him from all his troubles.

BLOMETERRIN, OR THE MARQUIS. By Thomas Pridgen ——. Washington: Anna Harriet Drury.

This novel is crowded with picturesque scenes and romantic adventures by which the imagination of the reader is kept in the utmost excitement—so have said that its author is De Quincey, is to have said that its style is brilliant and finished. The characters of this romance are not remarkable. Individuality, and the situations in which they appear, are of thrilling interest, and abound with startling denouement and dramatic effects.

SAINT GILDAS; OR, THE THREE FATES. By Julia Kavanagh. ——. Boston: Ticknor & Fields.

Children will be delighted to learn that a pleasant little book has been written for them called Saint Gildas; or, the Three Fates. While ostensibly elected, briefly alluded to his intimate relations, proposing an arbitration, and been sent to Washington in November. These instructions, or rather his proposition, Mr. Crampton submitted to Mr. Marcy only on Saturday, stating simply that it had been overlooked. This packet is difficult to understand. It gives rise to suspicion of double-dealing, which damages the British Ministry with all classes, and leads many to suppose, that their instructions were an afterthought. For what ever cause Seward could neglect so important a point? What Minister dare plead, or an excuse, that he had overlooked them? How, indeed, could it be done, involving, as it does, questions which threatens now, and has threatened for a year or more past, the peace of the two countries? We may be assured that Mr. Seward's friends will closely scan this conduct, and, unless we mistake, condemn it as sharply as any American could do.

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WHEREAS, Slavery, until universal Liberty shall triumph. Therefore, be it

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Transatlantic Steamships—Progress of Steam and Enterprise.

From the New York Herald.

On the 23d of April, 1838, a tremendous excitement prevailed in New York. "From an early hour in the morning until dark" (we quote the language of this paper), "myriads of persons crowded the Battery to have a glimpse of the first steam vessel which had crossed the Atlantic from the British isles and arrived safely in port; it is said that every Englishman in the city, at one time or other during the day was going at the dark looking vessel (the Sirius) with the American colors at the fore, and the flag of Old England at the stern. The excitement was further increased by the arrival of the Great Western from Bristol, which left that port on the 6th instant, making the passage in fifteen days,—thus solving the problem of possibility, and showing what can be done by enterprise, expenditure, courage and skill. The Sirius is, however, the pioneer. It is a singular coincidence that both vessels should have arrived on St. George's day, the patron saint of the country to which they belong."

On the 31st of March of the same year, the London papers published in the supernatural boldness, "There is really no mistake," said the *Times*, "in this long talked of project of navigating the Atlantic ocean by steam. There is no doubt of an intention to make the attempt, and to give the experiment, as such, a fair trial. The Sirius is absolutely going out to perform for America."

Eighteen years will soon have elapsed since these doubts were uttered, and their solution thus enthusiastically recorded. What changes! We have fourteen lines of steamers actually treading between the United States and Europe, comprising no less than forty-two vessels!

Their rise and progress is curious. The Sirius and Great Western did not long enjoy a monopoly of the ocean ferry. They were quickly joined by the Royal William (which made a trip or two), the City of Liverpool, the British Queen, and President. Soon the Sirius and the Great Western were sold, the Queen broken down, and their places was taken by a new line, got up by a combination of Scotchmen and Irishmen, composed of the best of people for such enterprise. The new line was called the Cunard line, from the leading Binnenese, and launched its first steamers, the Acadia, the Caledonia, the Britannia, and the Columbia; they commenced to run about 1840, and ran from Boston and Halifax to Liverpool. In 1843, the Columbia was lost—the only vessel ever lost by the Cunard line; all the lives on board were saved.

Soon after, a French line, consisting of four steamers, was established, but after a few trips it was abandoned. Then a Belgian line was organized and also abandoned. Afterward, the first American line of trans-atlantic steamers was inaugurated by the sailings of the Washington and Hermann. This was shortly after followed by the Hermann; both of which ships run still, with apparent success and profit. They are followed at an interval of four or five years by the Collins line, which launched successively, the Atlantic, Arctic, Baltic and Pacific; and are now building the Adriatic to take the place of the lost Arctic!

Latterly several new lines have been established. The American-Havre line, which was started a few years ago, having lost its two vessels—the Franklin and Franklin—has been furnished with princely magnificence, and of the service of the dead mournful crowds assemble to gaze upon her for the last time. "The soldiers who mounted guard over her bier were blinded by tears." In Paris, meanwhile, Lefebvre discovers that the Napoleon dynasty has buried to Rome; he comes to gaze upon Tolla for the last time. The memory of Tolla's beauty and goodness is still cherished in Rome. The Church of the Holy Apostles and the tomb of the young Roman girl, have become, on certain anniversaries, the resort of pilgrims, and more than one young Roman adds to her evening litany, "Saint Tolla, virgin and martyr, pray for us!"

The little volume "Tolla," it is said in "A Note to the American public," by which the American edition is prefaced, is a book "about which people have been lately talking in the *Salons* of Paris, to the exclusion of all other literary performance. It has produced controversies; we believe that it has nearly produced a duel. Extraordinary stories of its sale have been circulated to the amazement of author's who were comforting themselves with the belief that their performances went off flatly in consequence of the war, solely. *Indeed*, it is impossible to describe the charm of this unpretentious concerning a few persons, who move like living beings before the reader—the charm which surrounds the pure and beautiful Tolla, as its fragrance is breathed forth as from a flower—unless, indeed, we should say that Mr. Aboit possesses a very unusual degree of perfection in the art of narration."

Italian life, without being formally described, appears with admirable vividness throughout the narrative. The translation of this book is excellent. It has been rendered into the most choice and idiomatic English.

WEBBER'S OUTLINES OF UNIVERSAL HISTORY.—By James Webber, of Lexington, Mass. 1 vol. 12mo.

This admirable work, as its title states, an outline of Universal History, is well constructed, clear, and comprehensive. The most prominent events and important facts of the world's history are so grouped together that a clear idea of them, with their consequences, and relations may be obtained.

The imagination of the pupil will be thus impressed with a general idea of the progress of the world's history, and a clue given him, by which he will be guided and assisted, in his profounder studies, or more elaborate investigations.

When works of which this volume is a representative, philosophical, suggestive, and at the same time satisfying one introduced more generally into our schools and colleges, there will be more comprehensive culture, and earnest thought among our young people, will be the result.

This book is beautiful, poetical, loving; as our dreams of obstacles threaten to separate her from Lello, her love increases in intensity. Lello is good-hearted, timid and cowardly. He cannot make up his mind to desert Tolla, but become constantly more fearful of opposing his family. He believes them to be ignorant of his wishes. They, meanwhile, are playing with him as with a child, seeming to believe him a free agent, but determined at the right moment to prove him a slave.

At the right moment Lello is beguiled from Rome. Before his departure he takes Tolla to a Convent, (as a public avowal of his intention of making her his wife), from which she mournfully says that only death or Lello shall take her. Tolla becomes a Nun, and Lello returns to Rome. The Church of the Holy Apostles and the tomb of the young Roman girl, have become, on certain anniversaries, the resort of pilgrims, and more than one young Roman adds to her evening litany, "Saint Tolla, virgin and martyr, pray for us!"

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LATEST NEWS.

BY
TELEGRAPH AND MAILS.

Arrival of the Baltic!

The Baltic arrived at her dock at 11 o'clock, bringing dates to the 26th ult.

The Africa arrived out on the 18th. News very dry.

The London Times announces that the 70th regiment, and a battalion of rifles are about to be despatched to Canada, and several other regiments will follow, so as to concentrate a powerful force in that country. It is rumored, also, that almost every regiment attached to home service has received intimations that their services may be required in Canada. The money market continues in a remarkably tight, the demand being in excess of supply.

The new loan is announced at £50,000,000, with a funding of exchequer bills to the extent of £3,000,000. As these amounts have to be paid in five instalments, in the course of two months, the demand will doubtless continue active and make market more stringent. Consols improved in consequence of the announcement, 91¼ but afterwards declined to 90¾, at which quotations they closed. The Rothschilds, it is said, have the whole of the new loan. There is much gossip about the peace conference. Baron Brunnow is reported to have said that Russia is sincerely desirous of peace, but if peace be not made within a few or four

Wanted.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE FOR INSIDE

WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED BUSI-

TWO MASONS OR PLASTERERS.—IF RE-

WANTED, BY A PROFESSIONAL GEN-

OWNER WANTED FOR A LADIES'

WANTED, AN ACTIVE INTELLIGENT

BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN IS

A GENTLEMAN OF EXPERIENCE AS

WANTED, A FEW GOOD CUSTOM

HOUSE WANTED.—THE ADVERTISER

WANTED, A SITUATION AS BOOK-

WANTED, ENGINEER AND SAWYERS.—

WANTED, A SITUATION AS BOOK-

ORGANIST.—WANTED, BY A PERSON

MONEY.—THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE

PARTNER WANTED, WITH $15,000, TO

WANTED, FIRST RATE PHOTOGRAPHS

Board and Boarding.

BOARDING.—A FEW GENTEEL BOARD-

GOOD BOARD AND PLEASANT ROOMS

BOARDING.—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH

BOARDING—GENTLEMEN, WITH THEIR

To Let or Lease.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS,

TO RENT, THE STORE ON DEARBORN

YARD TO RENT.—155 FEET ON THE

FOR RENT.—THE NEW BRICK STORE

FOR RENT.—TWO FIRST CLASS STORES

A NEW AND VERY FINE

FOR SALE—ONE OR MORE SHOW

General Notices.

COAL.—BEING OBLIGED TO MOVE OUR

ERIE COAL.—THE SUBSCRIBERS BEING

MEDICAL, DENTAL AND MILITARY

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK-

BUCK'S SYRIAN BALM, FOR CLEANS-

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS HAVING

DRESSED HAY FOR SALE.—300 TONS

IN TIME OF PEACE PREPARE FOR WAR.

NEW BARBER'S AND HAIR DRESSING

JOHN WARNER HAS JUST OPENED AN

NEW JEWELRY.—JUST RECEIVED, A

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.—A

PURE SILVER WARE.—A FULL ASSORT-

FREE KING SAFES AGAIN TRIUMPH-

GREAT FIRE!

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THE CELEBRATED CLAIRVOYANT

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1500 CHESTS GREEN AND BLACK

1000 BOXES PLUG TOBACCO, COM-

50 TIERCES PRIME RICE, FOR SALE

250 QUINTALS GRAND BANK COD

1000 BOXES NEW M. R. RAISINS,

Special Notices.

WELL WORTHY OF CONFIDENCE is the ad-

Hiram's Hair Dye.—Since the award of a

Hiram's Hair Dye.—Let this be your

Hiram's Hair Dye.—That it makes no

Hiram's Hair Dye.—Let this be your

Hiram's Hair Dye.—Let this be your

Hiram's Hair Dye.—Let this be your

Legal Notices.

MASTER'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN

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